



A tax revolt in New Jersey could spread nationwide

Monday, January 11, 2010

STAFF WRITER

A couple of recent and very significant events occurred here in New Jersey that could lead to a national trend. New Jersey residents may be ready to revolt because of extremely high taxes. They appear ready to elect officials who promise to reduce their tax burden regardless of the consequences or even oust previously elected officials who don't quite understand their view.

In November, incumbent Gov. Jon Corzine was poised for re-election despite his strong opposition to the raised them by more than 18 percent. Wildwood's organized tax revolters said, "No more," and both elected officials were handily voted out of office.

Could this be a national trend?

"Look, I am not a revolutionary," a tax revolter may say, "I am just an average hard-working guy. But I am tired of working four hours a day for the government and only four hours for my family and me. I wish there were another way. I don't like the idea of a tax revolution. I really don't. But look at it this way: I worked hard to get where I am today. And nobody ever gave me anything. Now that I am here, I don't get rewarded. What is the incentive?"

"I pay more than 6 percent of my income to Social Security (actually more than 12 percent, if you count my employer's contribution), up to 10.75 percent to New Jersey for state income tax, up to 39 percent on marginal income for federal income tax and then another 3 percent to Medicare and other special payroll taxes. I then pay a 7 percent state sales tax on virtually everything I buy and the highest property taxes of any state in the union. In addition, I pay special hidden taxes on gasoline, liquor and cigarettes. And with

necessary.

What is needed to provide public goods is an efficient system with reasonably priced labor that provides just the basic government services. History indicates that the private sector, properly regulated, is much more efficient and cost-effective than the government.

And how about those truly needy? In our system, a person is paid according to the value of his or her output. The more a person contributes, the more he or she is paid. That means if, for whatever reason, an individual does not contribute anything, he or she would be paid nothing. We know it is true that some people live under difficult circumstances. Luckily, the more fortunate, who are compassionate, are willing to give a little to help. But is this help going a bit too far?

The tax revolution could spread nationwide, from the local level all the way to the federal level. That could be the way the majority wants it. And in our system, that's the way it will be. And to think that this potential national movement started right here in tiny Wildwood, N.J.

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