

## Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Barlow Athletic Field For the Year 2024, Results from the Year 2023 PWSID NO. NJ0111459

Stockton University owns and operates the water supply system that provides potable water service for Barlow Athletic Field. As such, the University is providing the following information regarding the water which is supplied to them. The information you are about to read is on file with the University and copies of this report are available, upon request. This report is intended to supply Barlow Athletic Field, its students, staff, faculty members, employees and visitors, with information on the sources of their drinking water.

#### WATER SYSTEM INFORMATION

Physical Address: Barlow Athletic Field

237 Pomona Road

Galloway Township, NJ 08205-9441

**PWSID #:** NJ0111405

Classification: Public Non-Community

**Phone Number:** 609-412-9176

**Contact Person:** Mr. John J. Fritsch, Assistant V.P. of Facilities

Management & Plant Operation Division of

FacilitiesMs. Amber Berry, Manager of Environmental

**Health and Safety** 

#### **SOURCES OF WATER**

Barlow Athletic Field's water system at Stockton University is privately owned, by Stockton University.



ADDITIONAL HEALTH INFORMATION

 The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and





<u>Nitrate</u> - Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 ppm is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. High nitrate levels in drinking water can cause blue baby syndrome. Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods of time because of rainfall or agricultural activity. If you are caring for an infant, you should ask for advice from your health care provider.

Lead -



<u>Microbial contaminants</u>, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems,



In the following table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you bforimmu (I)8-5.0(I)8-54 (3)]TJs( 9)]TJy1 ( 1.6s( 9(f)-9 (5)3-24 (3)]TJm nBT9 0 15 129-0.0[(d B)-5s.6 (f)-ord0 T2 Te/P  $\approx$  .6 (f)-





#### SPECIAL CONSIDERATION REGARDING CHILDREN. PREGNANT WOMAN. NURSING MOTHERS. AND OTHERS:

Children may receive a slightly higher amount of a contaminant present in the drinking water than adults, on a body weight basis, because they may drink a greater amount of water per pound of body weight than do adults. For this reason, reproductive or developmental effects are used for calculating drinking water standard if these effects occur at lower levels than other health effects of concern. If there is insufficient toxicity information for a chemical (for example, lack of data on reproductive or developmental effects), an extra uncertainty factor may be incorporated into the calculation of the drinking water standard, thus making the standard more stringent, to account for additional uncertainties regarding these effects. In thecase of lead and nitrate, effects on infants and children are the health endpoints upon which thestandards are based.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water then the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Please contact Mr. John J. Fritsch, Assistant V.P. of Facilities & Plant Operations Division of Facilities & Operations at 609-626-6052, if you have any questions.

We are pleased to report that our drinking water is safe and meets Federal and State requirements.

Barlow Athletic Field at Stockton University work hard to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our students, faculty, staff, employees and visitors help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life, and our children's future.

